# 1. Conditional Sentences, Inverted forms of them and Mixed Conditionals

If I am answering this question, I will contemplate on it more meticulously.

Should I be answering this question, I will contemplate on it more meticulously.

If he goes to Tehran, he will meet my friend.

Should he go to Tehran, he will meet my friend.

If we watch TV, we will get more information.

Should we watch TV, we will get more information.

If Tom goes to the party, he will meet Janet.

Should Tom go to the party, he will meet Janet.

If I were a bird, I would fly.

Were I a bird, I would fly.

If I had a car, I would not be late for my job.

Were I in possession of a car, I would fly.

Were I to choose who the best singer is, I would indeed opt for Justin Timberlake.

If I had had a care, I would have taken you to the woods.

Had I had a car, I would have taken you to the woods.

### Mixed Conditional Sentences:

I would have a better job now if I had worked harder at school.

We wouldn't be lost if we had looked at the map.

You would be dead now if you had caught that plane.

If I wasn't in the middle of another meeting, I would have been happy to help you.

We would have sacked him months ago if we didn't trust him.

I would have picked it up if I wasn't afraid of spiders.

## 2. Passive voice

I will have drawn a picture for you tomorrow.

A picture will have been drawn for you tomorrow.

I will have been drawing a picture for you tomorrow.

I will go to school tomorrow.

Past perfect continuous

Present perfect continuous

Future perfect continuous

Future continuous

I will be watching TV tomorrow.

TV will **be being** watched tomorrow.

He has been learning English.

English has been being learnt.

### Passive Modals

The room should be cleaned once a day.

The room should be being cleaned now.

The room should have been cleaned yesterday.

The room should have been being cleaned but nobody was there. (Rare form)

#### 3. Modals

Should have

Might have

Must have

Could have

What the hell is wrong with you! You shouldn't have driven the car that fast. You could have killed both of us. It is 4 o'clock and Tim's flight leaves at 4:30. He might have already left house. Look at cat, it must have been under a lot of stress.

# 4. Supposing

Supposing you have \$1000, what will you buy? (it is possible)

Supposing you had \$1000, what would you buy? (it is not very likely)

# 5. as if/though

He talks as if he is rich. (it is possible)

He talks as if he was rich. (he is not rich)

## 6. It is (high/about) time

It is high time we ate lunch.

It is about time the government did something about the quality of the roads.

## 7. I would rather

I would rather you took your clothes off.

I would rather I took you to the party.

All the people would rather they were given more chance.

# 8. Not only, but also

Not only did I get to the class late, but I also talked a lot in the class.

Not only will I not go to Tehran, but I will also cook myself.

I will not only go to Tehran, but I may also visit my grandparent's house.

Not only will I go to Tehran, but I may also visit my grandparent's house.

#### 9. It is worth

It is worth being alone with me.

It is well worth studying English.

He is worth inviting over.

# 10. On no account/ In no way/ Under no circumstance

On no account would I talk to him anymore.

In no way are we the same.

Under no circumstance will I go to the party.

# 11. Rarely/ Seldom/ Never

Rarely do I take the bus.

Seldom do I cook for him.

Never will I say no to him again.

Never would anybody ever be able to respond to this tricky question straightforwardly.

#### 12. No sooner

No sooner did I see her again than I fell in love with her heads over heels.

No sooner did she enter the room than I wanted to give her a flower.

#### 13. Such a/So

Such a lovely girl is she that I can't stop thinking about her.

So nice was she toward me that I hate the fact I hurt her feelings.

#### 14. Relative Clause

Ali's wife, who is a doctor, is from Tehran.

Ali's wife who is a doctor is from Tehran.

## 15. Participle Clause

Studying very hard for the exam, I could pass it.

Talking to my father, I was playing with my cellphone.

Cooking the dinner, we went to the bedroom.

## 16. Impersonal Structures

agree, announce, believe, claim, confirm, consider, decide, estimate, expect, fear, feel, hope, imply, know, predict, reckon, recommend, report, rumour, say, state, suggest, suppose, think etc.:

It has been agreed to prohibit smoking in public places.

It is rumoured that the government will implement new taxes.

## 17. Tense Shifting

## 18. Coordinating Conjunctions

## 19. Cleft

It was Nina's car that got broken into!

Is it August that you are going on holiday?

It's the parents who were protesting most.

### 20. Pseudo Cleft

What they like is smoked salmon

What we need to do is get new batteries for it.